

<b>Program</b>	61IW – Bachelor of Science in Software Engineering 61CI – Bachelor of Science in Computer Engineering 61SI – Bachelor of Science in Information Systems 61TI – Bachelor of Science in Information Society Technologies
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Course number and name	
<b>Number</b>	615000520, 615000532, 615000740, 615000547
<b>Name</b>	Information Coding
<b>Semester</b>	S7 [(September-January)]

Credits and contact hours	
<b>ECTS Credits</b>	6
<b>Contact hours</b>	60

<b>Coordinator's name</b>	Lias Quintero, Ana Isabel (anaisabel.lias@upm.es)
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Specific course information
<b>Description of course content</b>
The subject of this course is the study of the different possibilities to encode the information numerically, depending on the intended goal: conciseness (data compression), integrity (error detection codes) or security (cryptography). The general objectives are: a) To understand the different mathematical concepts and tools underlying the models under consideration; and b) To implement these models, with special attention to efficiency and security issues.
<b>List of topics to be covered</b>
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Introduction to Information Coding. Cryptology               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1.1. Transmission of Information</li> <li>1.2. Types of codes</li> <li>1.3. Compression with variable-length codes: Huffman codification                   <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1.3.1. Introduction to information theory</li> <li>1.3.2. Huffman codification</li> <li>1.3.3. Minimal variance Huffman codification</li> </ol> </li> <li>1.4 Error detection codes                   <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1.4.1 Cyclic Redundancy Codes (CRC).</li> </ol> </li> <li>1.5. Cryptography and cryptosystems                   <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1.5.1. Private key cryptosystems</li> <li>1.5.2. Cryptanalysis</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Computational complexity               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2.1. Problems and algorithms</li> <li>2.2. Complexity of elemental arithmetic operations</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

2.3. Classification of problems regarding its complexity 3. Number theory 3.1. The multiplicative group of integers mod $n$ 3.2. Euler's totient function 3.3. Euler and Fermat Theorems 3.4. Order of an element. Primitive root 3.5. Discrete logarithm 4. Public key cryptosystems 4.1. Diffie- Hellman key exchange protocol 4.2. RSA cryptosystem 4.3. ElGamal cryptosystem 4.4. Digital signature 4.5. Other applications 5. Primality tests 5.1. Deterministic tests: Erathostenes' sieve and trial division 5.2. Probabilistic tests: Fermat, Miller and Miller-Rabin	
<b>Prerequisites or co-requisites</b>	
None.	
<b>Course category in the program</b>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>R (required)</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>E (elective)</b> <i>(elective courses may not be offered every year)</i>

<b>Specific goals for the course</b>
<b>Specific outcomes of instruction</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• RA295 - Be able to determine the computational complexity of simple algorithms involving elementary arithmetic operations</li> <li>• RA297 - Be able to use software properly to solve information coding problems, accurately describing the protocols used</li> <li>• RA291 - Be able to use different information coding types depending on the goal (error correction, information encryption or information compression)</li> <li>• RA299 - Be able to compress files using the right compressor codes</li> <li>• RA290 - Know and apply authentication protocols (digital signature) and key exchange protocols based on public key cryptosystems.</li> <li>• RA292 - Know and apply deterministic and probabilistic primality tests</li> <li>• RA294 - Know the difference between public and private key cryptosystems and be able to encrypt and decrypt using translation, affine and affine matrix cryptosystems</li> <li>• RA298 - Be able to use linear codes for error encoding, detection and correction</li> <li>• RA293 - Be able to solve open problems, assessing several possible alternatives and arguing for the selected option according to the specified problem-solving criteria. Be able to identify, and design and develop an effective strategy to locate, the information required for the chosen option, and clearly report the result and respective findings.</li> <li>• RA296 - Be able to apply key results in number theory to cryptology, using the RSA and El-Gamal cryptosystems for encryption and decryption.</li> </ul>



**Further reading and supplementary materials**

- Buchmann, Johannes A: "Introduction to Cryptography". Second Edition. Springer-Verlag. 2004.
- Koblitz, Neal: "A Course in Number Theory and Cryptography". Second Edition. Springer-Verlag. 1994
- Trappe, Wade; Washington, Lawrence C.: "Introduction to Cryptography with Coding Theory". Prentice-Hall.

**Teaching methodology**

<u>  X  </u> lectures	<u>    </u> problem solving sessions	<u>    </u> collaborative actions	<u>  X  </u> laboratory sessions
<b>Other:</b>			